

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22

Enforcement of Lawyer Conduct (ELC). I had the opportunity to consult with counsel about this decision.

- 5. Attached hereto as Exhibit A is Disciplinary Counsel's statement of alleged raisconduct for purposes of ELC 9.3(b). I am aware of the alleged misconduct stated in Disciplinary Counsel's statement, and I dispute them, but rather than defend against the allegations, I wish to permanently resign from membership in the Association.
- I consent to entry of an order under ELC 13.9(e) assessing expenses of \$1,500 in this matter.
- I agree to pay any additional costs or restitution that may be ordered by a Review Committee under ELC 9.3(g).
- 8. I understand that my resignation is permanent and that any future application by me for reinstancement as a member of the Association is currently barred. If the Washington Supreme Court changes this rule or an application is otherwise permitted in the future, it will be treated as an application by one who has been disharred for ethical misconduct. If I file an application, I will not be entitled to a reconsideration or reexamination of the facts, complaints, allegations, or instances of alleged misconduct on which this resignation was based.
- 9. I agree to (a) notify all other states and jurisdictions in which I am admitted, including tribal courts, of this resignation in lieu of discipline; (b) seek to resign permanently from the practice of law in such other jurisdictions; and (c) provide Disciplinary Counsel with copies of this notification and any response(s). I acknowledge that this resignation could be treated as a disbarment by all other jurisdictions.
- 10. I agree to (a) notify all other professional licensing agencies in any jurisdiction from which I have a professional license that is predicated on my admission to practice law of this

24 Resignation Form of Robert Eugene Konsonwick (ELC 9.3(b))
Page 2

OFFICE OF DISCIPLINARY COUNSEL.
OF THE WASHINGTON STATE BAR ASSOCIATION
1325 4" Avenue, Suite 600
Seatile, WA 98101-2339
G000 727-4207

resignation in lieu of discipline; (b) seek to resign permanently from any such license; and (c)

84/84

(206) 727-8207

1			EXHIBIT
2			Α
3			
4			
5			
6			
7	DIGGINI DI	AND DO AND	
8		ARY BOARD ΓΕ BAR ASSOCIATIO	N
9			
10	In re	Proceeding No. 23#0	00013
11	ROBERT E. KOVACEVICH,	ODC File No. 20-00	193
12	Lawyer (Bar No. 2723)	STATEMENT OF A MISCONDUCT UN	
13			
14			
15	The attached formal complaint, filed of	_	_
16	constitutes Disciplinary Counsel's statement o	f alleged misconduct un	der Rule 9.3(b)(1) of the
17	Washington Supreme Court's Rules for Enforc	ement of Lawyer Condu	ct (ELC).
18	DATED this 7th day of May, 2024.		
19		of Roduany	
20		Francisco Rodriguez, l Senior Disciplinary Co	
21		Semor Biserpinary	, and a second
22			
23			
24	Statement of Alleged Misconduct Page 1	OF THE WASHINGTON	CIPLINARY COUNSEL N STATE BAR ASSOCIATION Avenue. Suite 600

OF THE WASHINGTON STATE BAR ASSOCIATION 1325 4th Avenue, Suite 600 Seattle, WA 98101-2539 (206) 727-8207

HILEN 1 Apr 27, 2023 2 Disciplinary Roard 3 Docket # 002 4 5 6 DISCIPLINARY BOARD WASHINGTON STATE BAR ASSOCIATION 7 8 Proceeding No. 23#00013 In re 9 ROBERT EUGENE KOVACEVICH. FORMAL COMPLAINT 10 Lawyer (Bar No. 2723). 11 12 13 Under Rule 10.3 of the Washington Supreme Court's Rules for Enforcement of Lawyer 14 Conduct (ELC), the Office of Disciplinary Counsel (ODC) of the Washington State Bar 15 Association charges the above-named lawyer with acts of misconduct under the Washington Supreme Court's Rules of Professional Conduct (RPC) as set forth below. 16 17 ADMISSION TO PRACTICE 1. Respondent Robert Eugene Kovacevich was admitted to the practice of law in 18 the State of Washington on September 11, 1959. 19 FACTS 20 2. Respondent represented Gordon Finch in connection with the Madeline Thiede 21 2009 Revocable Trust. 22 Thiede was Finch's mother. 3. 23

1	4.	The trust's assets included a shopping plaza, Thiede's home, and cash.	
2	5.	In April 2014, Thiede died.	
3	6.	Under the trust agreement, upon Thiede's death, Finch became trustee.	
4	7.	The trust agreement further provided that upon Thiede's death, the assets of the	
5	trust were to	be divided between Finch (26%), Finch's brother (26%), Kenneth Verhaag (24%),	
6	and Gerald V	erhaag (24%).	
7	8.	After Thiede's death, a disagreement arose among the trust's beneficiaries	
8	regarding Fin	ch's management of the trust and Finch's failure to fully distribute its assets.	
9	9.	In September 2016, Gerald Verhaag filed a petition in Spokane Superior Court	
10	under case nu	mber 16-4-01301-7 seeking the removal of Finch as trustee.	
11	10.	Respondent represented Finch in this litigation.	
12	11.	On January 8, 2018, the court issued an oral ruling granting the petition to	
13	remove Finch as trustee.		
14	12.	The court's ruling replaced Finch with a professional trustee, James Spurgetis.	
15	13.	Respondent was present when the court issued its January 8, 2018 oral ruling.	
16	14.	Finch was present when the court issued its January 8, 2018 oral ruling.	
17	15.	On January 10, 2018, the court issued a written order memorializing its oral	
18	ruling removi	ng Finch as trustee.	
19	Conte	<u>mpt #1</u>	
20	16.	After the January 8, 2018 hearing, Respondent advised Finch that despite the	
21	court's ruling	Finch remained trustee until the court entered a written order.	
22	17.	During the time intervening between the court's oral ruling and the issuance of	
23	its written ord	ler:	
	I		

1	a.	Respondent advised Finch to use trust funds to pay Respondent's fees.
2	b.	Respondent advised Finch to pay for Finch's own services managing the
3		shopping center.
4	c.	Respondent advised Finch that income earned before Thiede's death and held in
5		the trust's bank accounts was not the property of the trust, but was instead part of
6		Thiede's estate, and became the property of Finch and Finch's brother upon
7		Thiede's death.
8	18.	On January 9, 2018, Respondent sent Finch an invoice for professional services
9	rendered in D	December 2017 and January 2018.
10	19.	The January 9 invoice included work performed after the court's January 8, 2018
11	oral ruling.	
12	20.	Respondent continued to represent Finch after the court entered its written order
13	removing Fin	ch as trustee on January 10, 2018.
14	21.	On March 10, 2018, Respondent sent Finch an invoice for professional services
15	rendered in F	ebruary 2018.
16	22.	Respondent's March 2018 invoice was addressed to "Gordon Finch,
17	Beneficiary."	
18	23.	After Finch was removed as trustee, Respondent was representing Finch only as
19	a beneficiary	of the Thiede trust, not as its trustee.
20	24.	After being removed as trustee, Finch wrote five trust checks that subsequently
21	became the st	abject of litigation.
22	25.	On January 8, 2018, Finch issued a trust check in the amount of \$6,243.75,
23	payable to Fi	nch's wife, for work associated with the shopping center (hereafter referred to as
	I	

1	"Check #1").	
2	26.	On January 9, 2018, Finch issued a trust check in the amount of \$17,919.38,
3	payable to Re	espondent, for legal fees from December 2017 and January 2018 (hereafter referred
4	to as "Check	#2").
5	27.	On January 9, 2018, Finch issued a trust check in the amount of \$17,833.46,
6	payable to F	inch, for commissions relating to the management of trust property (hereafter
7	referred to as	"Check #3").
8	28.	On January 30, 2018, Finch transferred funds in the amount of \$85,698.00 to
9	Banner Bank,	representing the claim by Finch and Finch's brother to direct inheritance of these
10	funds (hereaft	ter referred to as "Check #4").
11	29.	On March 12, 2018, Finch issued a trust check in the amount of \$11,211.08,
12	payable to Re	espondent, for legal fees incurred in February 2018 after Finch had been removed
13	as trustee (her	reafter referred to as "Check #5").
14	30.	On May 10, 2018, Kenneth Verhaag's lawyer wrote to Respondent demanding
15	the return of	the \$11,211.80 paid to Respondent on March 12, 2018 (Check #5), as well as the
16	\$17,833.46 pa	aid to Finch for commissions on January 9, 2018 (Check #3).
17	31.	Respondent did not return the funds that had been paid to Respondent as
18	requested.	
19	32.	On June 25, 2018, trustee Spurgetis wrote to Respondent requesting the return of
20	the \$11,211.8	0 (Check #5).
21	33.	Spurgetis's letter noted that the payment to Respondent was not authorized.
22	34.	Respondent did not return the funds as requested.
23	35.	Shortly thereafter, Spurgetis discovered the January 30, 2018 transfer of
	I	

1	\$85,698.46 F	inch had made (Check #4).
2	36.	Spurgetis notified counsel for the Verhaags regarding this transfer of funds.
3	37.	On December 7, 2018, Gerald Verhaag filed a motion for contempt, return of
4	trust funds, a	nd sanctions against both Respondent and Finch.
5	38.	Gerald Verhaag's motion was based on Finch's issuance of three checks after
6	being remove	ed as trustee, Check #3 (Finch's commissions), Check #4 (inheritance), and Check
7	#5 (Responde	ent fees).
8	39.	On December 18, 2018, Respondent withdrew as Finch's lawyer.
9	40.	On December 21, 2018, Finch's new lawyer, Scott Smith, sent trustee Spurgetis
10	a letter regard	ling the disputed payments.
11	41.	Smith explained that Finch was returning the funds previously paid to Finch for
12	commissions	(Check #3) and enclosed a check for \$17,833.46.
13	42.	Smith's letter further informed Spurgetis that Smith had asked Respondent to
14	return the tru	st funds paid to Respondent for legal fees on March 12, 2018 (Check #5).
15	43.	Smith's letter also disclosed that based on Respondent's advice, Finch had issued
16	a check to Fi	nch's wife on January 8, 2018 (Check #1).
17	44.	Finch returned these funds to the trust as well in a separate check that
18	accompanied	Smith's letter.
19	45.	On January 15, 2019, lawyer Aaron Lowe filed a notice of appearance in
20	Spokane Cou	inty Superior Court No. 16-4-01301-7 on behalf of Respondent.
21	46.	Subsequent filings on behalf of Respondent in both the trial and appellate courts
22	were general	ly signed by Lowe rather than Respondent.
23	47.	However, Respondent continued to draft the documents filed with the courts on
	I	

1	Respondent's	s behalf.
2	48.	Lowe did not charge Respondent for the representation.
3	49.	Lowe had a very limited role in the proceedings at both the trial and appellate
4	levels.	
5	50.	On March 27, 2019, the court issued a letter ruling finding both Respondent and
6	Finch in cont	empt and directing Respondent to return \$11,211.80 to Spurgetis by April 5, 2019.
7	51.	On May 3, 2019, the court entered a formal order of contempt.
8	52.	In its contempt order, the court found that both its January 8, 2018 oral ruling,
9	and January	10, 2018 written order removing Finch as trustee were clear and unambiguous.
10	53.	The court found that Finch willfully violated these orders when Finch wrote
11	Check #1 (Fi	nch's wife), Check #3 (Finch's commissions), Check #4 (inheritance), and Check
12	#5 (Responde	ent fees).
13	54.	The court found that Respondent willfully violated these orders when
14	Respondent a	accepted Check #5.
15	55.	The court further found that Respondent willfully violated these orders when
16	Respondent r	efused to return the funds when asked to do so.
17	56.	The court ordered that Respondent and Finch be jointly responsible for attorney
18	fees and cost	is incurred by the Verhaags through December 21, 2021, when Finch purged the
19	contempt by	returning the trust funds at issue, with Respondent alone responsible for fees and
20	costs incurred	d after that date.
21	57.	Respondent repaid the \$11,211.80 (Check #5).
22		
23		
	I	

1	Conte	empt #2
2	58.	On April 10, 2019, Finch filed an affidavit with the court disclosing the January
3	9, 2018 check	to Respondent in the amount of \$17,919.38 (Check #2).
4	59.	On April 11, 2019, Kenneth Verhaag's lawyer wrote to Lowe requesting that
5	Respondent 1	return the \$17,919.38 received from Finch on January 9, 2018, after Finch was
6	removed as tr	ustee.
7	60.	Respondent did not return the funds as requested.
8	61.	On May 2, 2019, the Verhaags moved for a second contempt finding against
9	Respondent a	nd Finch for violation of the court's order removing Finch as trustee.
10	62.	The Verhaags's May 2, 2019 motion was based on the January 9, 2018 check
11	Finch had iss	ued to Respondent (Check #2) which had not been considered in the first contempt
12	order.	
13	63.	Neither Respondent nor Lowe responded to the May 2, 2019 contempt motion or
14	appeared at th	ne hearing on the motion.
15	64.	On June 13, 2019, the court found both Respondent and Finch in contempt.
16	65.	The court found that the issuance and acceptance of Check #2 were both willful
17	and intention	al acts contrary to the court's January 8, 2018 ruling removing Finch as trustee.
18	66.	The court found that Finch had purged the contempt, and was required to take no
19	further action	L
20	67.	The court directed Respondent to return the sum of \$17,919.38 to trustee
21	Spurgetis wit	hin ten days of the entry of the court's order.
22	68.	Respondent was also ordered to pay fees and costs incurred by the Verhaags in
23	bringing the r	notion for contempt.

1	TEDI	RA Agreement
2	<b>69</b> .	On June 12, 2019, the parties filed a joint motion to approve an agreement under
3	the Trust and	Estate Dispute Resolution Act (TEDRA).
4	70.	On June 13, 2019, the court approved the TEDRA agreement.
5	71.	The TEDRA agreement provided that Finch would pay all the attorney fees
6	Respondent o	wed the Verhaags and the Verhaags would assign their claims against Respondent
7	to Finch.	
8	Viola	tion of June 2019 Contempt Order
9	72.	Respondent did not comply with the court's June 13, 2019 order directing
10	Respondent to	o return the \$17,919.38 fee payment received in January 2018 within 10 days.
11	73.	On July 2, 2019, Finch moved for a judgment against Respondent for the amount
12	due under the	June 2019 contempt order.
13	74.	On August 19, 2019, the court entered an order finding that Respondent violated
14	its June 2019	contempt order by failing to repay the trustee by June 24, 2019, as required.
15	75.	The court entered a judgment against Respondent in the amount of \$23,669.38.
16	76.	The judgment amount included \$5,750.00 in civil penalties that had accrued.
17	77.	On January 13, 2020, Respondent posted a supersedeas bond in the amount of
18	\$23,669.38, ti	he amount due under the court's August 2019 judgment.
19	78.	On March 23, 2022, the court ordered the supersedeas bond be disbursed to
20	Finch.	
21		
22		
23		

1	orders.	
2	88.	Instead, Respondent asked the court to accept discretionary review of these
3	orders.	
4	89.	However, Respondent had not filed a motion for discretionary review.
5	90.	In reply, Respondent argued that the appeal was timely as to the orders in
6	question beca	use all the orders were connected.
7	91.	Respondent's motion to modify the commissioner's ruling was denied, as was
8	Respondent's	petition for discretionary review by the Washington Supreme Court.
9	92.	The Court of Appeals consolidated Respondent's January 2020 appeal with two
10	other appeals	that Respondent had filed in July 2019 and February 2020 and handled all three
11	under case nu	umber 36940-4-III.
12	93.	Although Lowe appeared as counsel for Respondent on these appeals,
13	Respondent d	lesignated the clerk's papers and drafted all of the briefing.
14	94.	Respondent's assistant filed the appellate briefs under Lowe's name.
15	95.	Respondent's opening brief made 13 assignments of error, many of which related
16	only to final o	orders that were not timely appealed.
17	96.	Respondent's briefing failed to adequately identify issues pertaining to the
18	assignments of	of error.
19	97.	Respondent did not provide the Court of Appeals with an adequate record on
20	appeal.	
21	98.	On May 25, 2021, the Court of Appeals issued an unpublished decision
22	regarding the	consolidated appeals.
23	99.	In the Court of Appeals' decision, the court noted that Respondent had ignored

1	its rulings on	appealability and continued to pursue issues that had not been timely appealed.
2	100.	The court found that Respondent had not adequately identified issues pertaining
3	to the assignment	nents of error identified in Respondent's opening brief.
4	101.	With respect to the December 2019 orders, the court found the record on appeal
5	to be "wholly	inadequate" for review of any error assigned to denial of the motion to vacate.
6	102.	With respect to the May 2019 contempt order, Respondent supplied a record on
7	appeal that w	as incomplete.
8	103.	With respect to the May 2019 contempt order, Respondent supplied a record on
9	appeal that w	as skewed in Respondent's favor.
10	104.	Respondent's preparation of the record on appeal violated practice norms.
11	105.	Respondent's briefing on appeal violated practice norms.
12	106.	Despite the deficiencies in the record, the court elected to review the merits of
13	Respondent's	appeal and found that Respondent's actions in accepting payment from Finch
14	after Finch h	and been removed as trustee were "fairly characterized as contempt of a court
15	order."	
16	107.	Respondent's petition for review of the Court of Appeals decision by the
17	Washington S	Supreme Court was denied.
18	108.	Respondent's subsequent petition to the United States Supreme Court for a writ
19	of certiorari v	vas denied.
20	Sanct	ions for Frivolous Notice of Mediation
21	109.	On January 21, 2022, Respondent filed a Notice of TEDRA Mediation in the trial
22	court. The No	otice was signed by Lowe but drafted by Respondent.
23	110.	Finch, Gerald Verhaag, and trustee Spurgetis all moved to quash the notice of

mediation and sought sand	tions against Respondent.
111. Respondent	t, rather than Lowe, signed briefing submitted in response to the
motion to quash.	
112. Respondent	attended the hearing on the motion to quash and argued against the
motion.	
113. Lowe did n	ot attend the hearing.
114. On March	23, 2022, the court issued an order granting the motions to quash the
notice of mediation.	
115. The court f	urther ordered Respondent and Lowe together to pay the attorney fees
of Finch, Spurgetis, and	Gerald Verhaag as sanctions for filing the frivolous notice of
mediation.	
Sanctions for Friv	colous Motion to Reconsider
116. On April 1	, 2022, Respondent filed a motion to reconsider the court's sanctions
relating to the notice of me	ediation.
117. Both Respo	andent and Lowe signed the motion to reconsider.
118. Respondent	alone drafted and filed the motion to reconsider.
119. On May 20	, 2022, the court denied the motion to reconsider.
120. On May 31	, 2022, the court issued a letter ruling finding Respondent's Motion
for Reconsideration to be	baseless and frivolous" and awarding attorney fees to the parties who
had responded to the motion	on.
121. On June 10	, 2022, Respondent filed a notice of appeal seeking review of seven
orders, including the cour	rt's May 20, 2022 order denying the motion to reconsider, and the
court's May 31, 2022 lette	r ruling imposing sanctions.
	motion to quash.  112. Respondent motion.  113. Lowe did notice of mediation.  114. On March of finch, Spurgetis, and mediation.  Sanctions for Frive 116. On April 1, relating to the notice of mediation 117. Both Respondent 118. Respondent 119. On May 20, 120. On May 31 for Reconsideration to be of had responded to the motion 121. On June 10 orders, including the countries including the countries including the countries.

1	122. This appeal remains pending before the Court of Appeals.
2	COUNT 1
3	123. By soliciting and/or accepting Check #2 from Finch as payment for legal fees
4	after the issuance of a court order removing Finch as trustee, and/or by failing to return such
5	funds when asked to do so by the successor trustee, Respondent violated RPC 3.4(c), RPC
6	8.4(a), RPC 8.4(d), and/or RPC 8.4(j).
7	COUNT 2
8	124. By soliciting and/or accepting Check #5 from Finch as payment for legal fees
9	after the issuance of a court order removing Finch as trustee, Respondent violated RPC 3.4(c),
10	RPC 8.4(a), RPC 8.4(d), and/or RPC 8.4(j).
11	COUNT 3
12	125. By failing to re-pay the legal fees received in January 2018, as required by the
13	court's June 2019 contempt order, Respondent violated RPC 3.4(c), RPC 8.4(d), and/or RPC
14	8.4(j).
15	COUNT 4
16	126. Acting directly and/or through Lowe, by filing motions and/or a notice of
17	mediation that had no basis in law and/or fact, Respondent violated RPC 3.1, RPC 4.4(a), RPC
18	8.4(a), and/or RPC 8.4(d).
19	COUNT 5
20	127. Acting directly and/or through Lowe, by filing a notice of appeal that was
21	untimely as to one or more of the orders being appealed, Respondent violated RPC 3.1, RPC
22	4.4(a), RPC 8.4(a), and/or RPC 8.4(d).
23	

1	COUNT 6
2	128. Acting directly and/or through Lowe, by engaging in appellate litigation
3	practices that violated practice norms, Respondent violated RPC 8.4(a) and/or RPC 8.4(d).
4	
5	THEREFORE, Disciplinary Counsel requests that a hearing be held under the Rules for
6	Enforcement of Lawyer Conduct. Possible dispositions include disciplinary action, probation,
7	restitution, and assessment of the costs and expenses of these proceedings.
8	Dated this 27th day of April, 2023.
9	
10	Francisco Rodriguez, Bar No. 22881
11	Disciplinary Counsel
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	